FLD 759

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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	SECURITY INFORMATION			25 X 1
COUNTRY	Bulgaria	REPORT		
SUBJECT	Factories and Industrial Information	DATE DISTR.	5 Novembe:	r 1953
		NO. OF PAGES	6	
ATE OF INFO.		REQUIREMENT NO.	RD	25 X 1
LACE ACQUIRED		REFERENCES		25X1
	This is UNEVALUATED In	formation		20/1
	THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TEI (FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)			
1.	the following glass factories	s in Bulgaria:		25X1
a. At	the following glass factorie: Gebedzhe (N 43-10, E 27-42, now Beloslands of glass, including window glass;		produces all	25X1
a. At kin	Gebedzhe (N 43-10, E 27-42, now Beloslay	v), Varna Okoliya;		
a. At king b. In gla	Gebedzhe (N 43-10, E 27-42, now Beloslar ds of glass, including window glass; the northwestern part of Sliven (N 12-10	v), Varna Okoliya; O, E 26-19); produ	ces all kinds	
a. At king b. In gla	Gebedzhe (N 43-10, E 27-42, now Beloslands of glass, including window glass; the northwestern part of Sliven (N 42-40 ss, including window glass; and the Orlandovski Quarter, northwast of So	v), Varna Okoliya; D, E 26-19); produ Dfia; remelts brok	ces all kinds	25X1 of 25X
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(Note: Washington Distribution Indicated By "X"; Field Distribution By "#".).

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25X1

- b. Occupies a fairly large area in the southern outskirts of Vidin; equipment includes two double-deck kilns; daily output is 6,000-8,000 porcelain plates, 200 dinner sets, 150 tea sets, 300 coffee sets, 300 pitchers, 2,000 porcelain bowls, and 300-400 ashtrays; transportation to and from the Vidin railroad station is by cart, which increases the cost of production; the clay used comes from Pleven and Bozhidar;
- c. Occupies a large area bout 200 meters northeast of the Novoseltsi (N 42-40, E 23-36, now Elin Pelin) railroad station; equipment consists of seven double-deck kilns for porcelain, four single-deck kilns for delftware, four horizontal "Dutch oven" kilns for earthen drainpipes, five delftware molds, and eight porcelain electrical parts molds; the daily output is 20,000 porcelain plates, 400 dinner sets, 300 tea sets, 20,000 pieces of delftware, 300 porcelain "faucets," 100 porcelain "radiators," 3,000-4,000 earthen drainpipes, and various pieces of electrical equipment; transportation is by rail; the clay used is from near Chukurovo (N 42-32, E 23-37, now Gabra), Novoseltsi Okoliya, which is sent to Bozhidar railroad station by trolley car; 1,400 workers are employed in two shifts, except for the kiln section, which works three shifts; the administrative director is Bizhev (fnu), a Communist; the technical director is Vasilev (fnu), born in Novi Pazar, not a Communist, described as very capable, studied ceramics engineering in Bermany before 1944, technical director of the Novi Pazar factory until 1950;
- d. At Nikolaevo (N 42-37, E 25-48), Kazanluk Okoliya; a newly-constructed factory, commenced operation in 1952; equipment consists of "tunnel-shaped" kilns; produces all kinds of porcelain electrical equipment; technical director is Kirov (fnu), ceramics engineer from Sofia who studied in Germany before 1944, won a Dimitrov medal in 1950 for increasing output at the Novoseltsi factory, believed not to be a Communist;
- e. Located 50-60 meters north of the railroad station at Ilyantsi (N 42-45, E 23-18); occupies a "large area;" equipment includes two double-deck kilns; 100 workers are employed; daily output is 3,000 porcelain plates and 300 best-quality dinner sets; the technical director is Georgi Sotkov, not a Communist and therefore always under criticism, graduated from the Technical Ceramics Institute in Sofia in 1949;
- f. Occupies a fairly large area 120-130 meters northeast of Radomir (N 42-33, E 22-58) railroad station; equipment includes three double-deck kilns; daily output is 700 dinner plates and 100 porcelain kitchen utensils; 100 workers are employed;
- g. Located about 200 meters north of Gara Kaspichan (N 43-19, E 27-10); equipment includes two single-deck kilns and two molds; daily output is 7,000-8,000 pieces of delftware; and
- h. Located in Khadzhi Dimitur Quarter on the northeastern outskirts of Sofia; equipment includes three 1-story ovens and three molds; daily output is 10,000-12,000 pieces of delftware; 200 workers are employed.

3.	the	following	cament	factories
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25X1

a. A newly-opened cement factory in Dimitrovgrad (N 42-03, E 25-35), further details unknown;

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25X1

- b. Located on the southeast side of Batanovtsi (N 42-37, E 22-57) railroad station; equipment consists of five kilns, 80 centimeters long (sic); and
- c. A factory in Pleven, details unknown.

4.

the following brick and/or tile factories:

25X1

- a. Located two kilometers west of Lom (N 43-49,E 23-12); equipment includes two mechanized molds; daily output is 60,000-80,000 bricks; approximately 150 workers are employed;
- b. Located approximately 400 meters south of Brusartsi (N 43-40, E 23-04) rail-road station; is a "large" building; equipment includes three kilns, eight mechanized molds for "Marseilles" tiles, two mechanized molds for curved tiles used on roof corners, and three mechanized molds for bricks; daily output is 100,000 120,000 bricks, 95,000 "Marseilles" tiles, and 5,000 curved tiles; 300-400 workers are employed in two shifts; the technical director is Mikhayl Tsvetanov, apolitical, of Serbian origin;
- c. Located about 500 meters west of Vratsa (N \(\beta_3-13\), E 23-32) railroad station; equipped with three kilns, four mechanical molds for bricks, 12 ordinary tile mechanical molds, and three curved tile mechanical molds; daily output is 160,000 bricks, 75,000 tiles, and 3,000 curved tiles; \(\beta_00-500\) workers are employed in one shift;
- d. The "Robotnik" Factory, located in the Tukhlarni Quarter at the edge of Ivan Vazov Quarter of Sofia; is the largest in Sofia, covering an area almost as large as a city quarter; equipped with 10 kilns and 15-16 mechanical molds for bricks (bricks also made manually); daily output is 500,000-600,000 bricks; at least 1,000 workers are employed;
- e. Located in Zemene Quarter southwest of Sofia; equipped with three kilns and three mechanical molds for bricks (bricks also made manually); daily output is 100,000-120,000 bricks;
- f. Located in Triagilnika Quarter west of Sofia; equipped with two kilns and three mechanical molds for bricks; daily output is 1.00,000-120,000 bricks;
- The "D.I.P. Trakiya" Factory, located in three sections: 1st in the Kuchuk Parzh Quarter in the south of Plovdiv, 2nd section one kilometer south of the 1st section on the road to Kuklen (N 42-02, E 24-47), and 3rd section two kilometers east of Proslav (N 42-07, E 24-41) and four kilometers southwest of Plovdiv; 1st section is equipped with four large kilns, four mechanical molds for bricks, 12 tile mechanical molds, and four curved tile mechanical molds (all completely mechanized including conveyers from molds to kilns); 2nd section is equipped with two 40-chamber kilns and six mechanical molds for bricks; 3rd section is equipped with two "Dutch oven" kilns, two tile mechanical molds, and one curved tile mechanical mold; 800 workers in two shifts are employed in the 1st section, 200 workers in two shifts are employed in the 2nd section, and 100 workers in two shifts are employed in the 3rd section; daily output in the 1st section is 1,500,000 tiles, 8,000 curved tiles, and 200,000 bricks; in the 2nd section the daily output is 240,000 bricks; daily output in the 3rd section is 20,000 tiles and 2,000 curved tiles; the administrative director is Spasova (fnu), technical director is Sotur Soturov, assistant technical directors are Velinov (fnu) and Zhelezkov (fnu); for transportation, the 1st and 2nd sections have spur lines to the Plovdiv railway station;

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25X1

- h. Located 100 meters east of Popovo (N 43-21, E 26-14) railroad station; equipped with four kilns, four mechanical molds for bricks, eight tile mechanical molds, and two curved tile mechanical molds; employs 400 workers in two shifts; daily output is 150,000-160,000 bricks, 80,000 "Marseilles" tiles, and 4,000 curved tiles; the technical director is Bogdan Tinkov, a Communist from Pleven who graduated from the Technical Ceramics Institute in Sofia in 1949;
- i. Located in Kaspichan (N 43-18, E 27-11), 100 meters from the delftware factory described in paragraph 2a above, on the highway to Novi Pazar; equipped with three kilns (three or four more kilns to be added), six mechanical molds for bricks, three tile mechanical molds, and one curved tile mechanical mold;
- j. Located in the northwestern outskirts of Kyustendil (N μ2-17, E 22-μ1), details not known;
- k. Located 200 meters west of Kazanluk (N 42-37, E 25-24) railroad station; equipped with three evens, three mechanical molds for bricks, two tile mechanical molds, and a small manually-operated curved tile mold; daily output is 120,000 bricks and 10,000-12,000 "Marseilles" tiles; 150 workers are employed;
- 1. Located at Svetovrachene (N 42-47, E 23-24); equipped with three kilns, five tile mechanical molds, two curved tile mechanical molds, and three mechanical molds for bricks; daily output is 30,000 tiles, 2,000 curved tiles, and 200,000-240,000 hollow, perforated bricks;
- m. Located northwest of Dolni Bogrov (N 42-42, E 23-29); produces hollow bricks; and
- n. Factories about which no details are known are located at Mikhaylovgrad, Pernik (now Dimitrovo), Yambol, Gorna Oryakhovitsa, Karnobat, Razlog, Byala Slatina, Pleven, and Khaskovo.
- 5. The 9 September Shoe Factory is located on Okhridsko Ezero Street in the Lagero Quarter of Sofia. It occupies a large building, produces shoes for men and women, handbags, all made mechanically, and employs 1,500-2,000 workers in shifts. The supply chief is Boris Amaniev, a gymnasium graduate, from Sofia,

 a DSNM (Dimitrovski Suyuz na Narodnata Mladezh; Dimitrov Union of the People's Youth) member, who resides on Ovchepole Street and is described as a "crazy young man."

25**X**1

- 6. The Serdika Dairy occupies a large building 30 by 30 meters in size, a garage, and several small buildings on Okhridsko Ezero Street in the Lagero Quarter of Sofia. It produces ordinary cheese, "Balkan" cheese, butter, pasteurized milk, powdered milk, sweets, and yogurt; it provides all the milk and yogurt on sale in Sofia. One thousand workers are employed in three shifts. Transport equipment consists of 80 to 100 trucks.
- 7. A bakery occupies three buildings constructed in 1952 on Okhridsko Ezero Street in the Lagero Quarter of Sofia.
- 8. The Bulgariya Knitting Mill occupies a 2-story building 20 by 50-60 meters in size on the southern outskirts of Sofia in a wooded area on the Sofia-Dragalevtsi (N 42-38, E 23-19) highway. It employs 150 workers, mostly women.

		SECRET		
		- 5-		25 X 1
9.	to t	od No. 12, a truck factory, is located on the southwestern outsking the east of the Knyazhevo highway between Kamen Andreev and Neston Consists of about 10 buildings, the majority of which are 1-story 2-story constructions. This location was previously used as a regimeer units. Production consists of 3- to 4-ton trucks and expressed that they are not very successful in manufacturing duce only one or two a day. Two to three thousand workers are emmant knows the following workers:	and the rest pair shop ngine parts; trucks and	
	a.	Stefan Yordanov Popov, electrical worker;		
				25 X 1
	b.	Dimitur Aleksandrov Mladenov (or Mladev, assembly worker;	mber, not a	25X1
		pro-Communist; and		
	c.	Khristo Dimitrov Perchev worker in the vulcanization section: D and pro-Communist;	SNM member	25X1
10.	twe	Zavod Kliment Voroshilov, an electrical appliance factory, is lo en the Nadezhda Quarter of Sofia and the Ilyantsi railroad statio large installation" and produces low voltage electrical appliance	n. It is	
u.		the following rubber factories:		25X1
	a.	The Georgi Dimitrov Factory (formerly Bakish), a "fairly large" located between Nadezhda Quarter and Voenna Rampa (military load Sofia; and	factory, ing station),	
	b.	The Zebra Factory, located at Kurilo station (N 42-50, E 23-19), Iskur River; it is said to be the largest rubber factory in Bulg	beside the aria.	
12.	18	Georgi Dimitrov Chemical Factory, said to be one of the largest located 100 meters north of Kostinbrod railroad station (N 42-49, Sofia-Draganovtsi highway. It produces soap and glue "among other than the state of	on و ((LL-13)	
13.	ted sta the	Georgi Dimitrov Locomotive and Railroad Car Factory and Repair S ton both sides of Sofia central railway station "platform to the stion." Informant did not know its exact production, but stated to work done is repair work, although parts and small locomotives a stured. "Thousands" of workers are employed, working three shift	east of the hat most of ire manu-	
14.		the following paper mills:		25X1
	a.	Located on the outskirts of Sofia west of the Sofia-Knyazhevo hithe road to Gorna Banya (N 42-41, E 23-13) branches off; and	ighway where	
	ъ.	Located opposite the cemetery in the Orlandovski Quarter of Soft	ia.	
15.	A p	penicillin factory at Razgrad commenced operation in the summer of ruction and operation have not been mentioned in the press.	1952. Con-	

